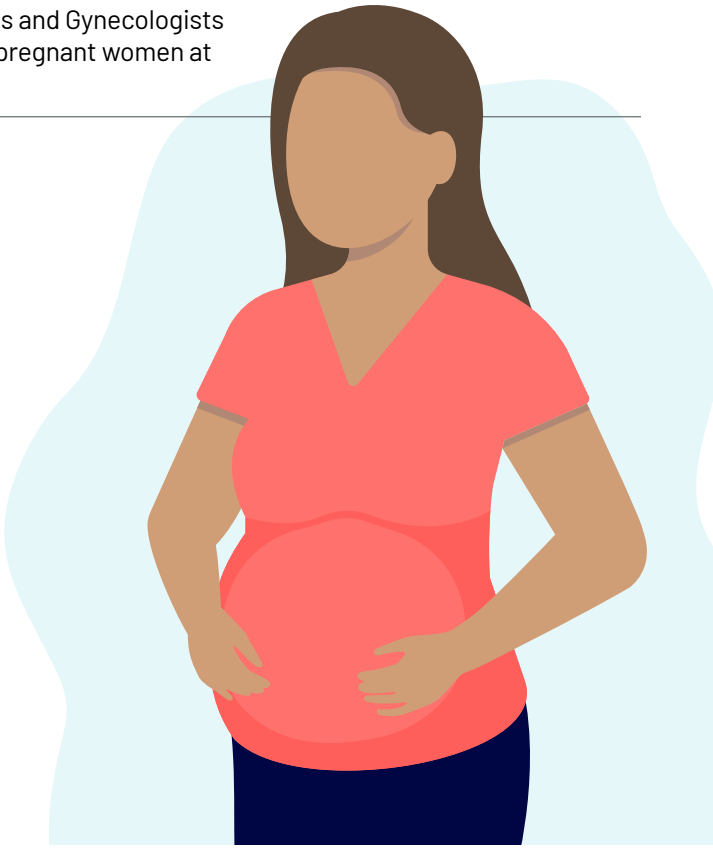
CVEEP

Infectious Disease Immunization Timeline

VACCINE CONSIDERATIONS DURING PREGNANCY

Immunization is the best protection against many infectious illnesses. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and other leading medical societies recommend the following immunizations for pregnant women. Learn more about recommended immunizations during pregnancy here.

Tetanus, Diphtheria, and Pertussis (Tdap/Td)	Expecting mothers are recommended to get the Tdap vaccine at 27–36 weeks of pregnancy. This is recommended during each pregnancy (even if previously vaccinated) to protect the newborn from whooping cough.
Pneumococcal Disease	There are no CDC recommendations for the pneumococcal vaccine for pregnant adults. Talk to your provider about your vaccination history and risk factors to determine your options for vaccination.
Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)	Pregnant women can receive an RSV vaccine between 32–36 weeks of pregnancy during RSV season to protect their infants at birth. CDC recommends vaccination from September through January in most of the continental United States. The American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) recommends extending vaccination from September 1 through March 1 for eligible pregnant individuals. Talk to your healthcare provider about the timing that is right for you. If a child's mother does not receive an RSV vaccine during pregnancy, a preventive antibody can be given to the newborn after birth.
Influenza (Flu)	Everyone ages 6 months and older should get a flu vaccine every year, starting in the fall.
COVID-19	CDC and the American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) recommend COVID-19 vaccination for pregnant women at any trimester.



https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines-pregnancy/recommended-vaccines/index.html
https://www.acog.org/clinical-information/maternal-immunization-schedule